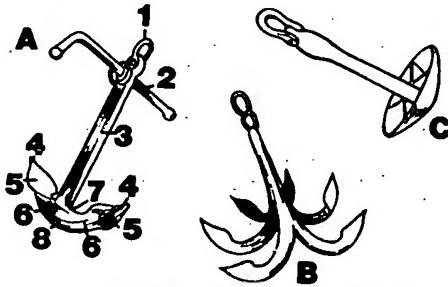


84 ancestry ○ anechoic

an-ces-try \ən-ses-trē\ n (14c) 1 : line of descent : LINEAGE; specific : honorable, noble, or aristocratic descent 2 : persons initiating or comprising a line of descent : ANCESTORS
An-chi-tēs \ən-kī-tēz\, an-\ n [L, fr. Gk Anchisēs] : the father of Aeneas rescued by his son from the burning city of Troy
an-chor \ən-kōr\ n, often attrib [ME ancōr, fr. OE ancor, fr. L anchorā, fr. Gk ankya — more at ANGLE] (bef. 12c) 1 : a device usu. of metal attached to a ship or boat by a cable and cast overboard to hold it in a particular place by means of a fluke that digs into the bottom 2 : a reliable or principal support : MAINSTAY 3 : something that serves to hold an object firmly 4 : an object shaped like a ship's anchor 5 : an anchorman or anchorwoman 6 pl, slang : the brakes of a motor vehicle — **an-chor-less** \ləs\ adj



anchor 1: A yachtsman's: 1 ring, 2 stock, 3 shank, 4 bill, 5 fluke, 6 arm, 7 throat, 8 crown, B grapnel, C mushroom

an-chor vb an-anchored; an-anchor-ing \ən-kōr-ing\ vt (13c) 1 : to hold in place in the water by an anchor 2 : to secure firmly : FIX 3 : to act or serve as an anchor for (need a large store to ~ the mail) (*~ing the evening news*) ~ vi 1 : to cast anchor 2 : to become fixed
an-chor-age \ən-kōr-ij\ n (1587) 1 a : a place where vessels anchor ; a place suitable for anchoring b : the act of anchoring : the condition of being anchored 2 : a means of securing : a source of reassurance (this ~ of Christian hope —T. O. Wedel) 3 : something that provides a secure hold
an-cho-ress \ən-kōr-ēs\ or **an-cress** \ən-kres\ n [ME ankeresse, fr. anker hermit, fr. OE ancor, fr. Olfr anchara, fr. LL anachoreta] (14c) : a female anchorite
an-cho-rite \ən-kōr-it\ also **an-cho-ret** \ə-ret\ n [ME, fr. ML qnchorita, alter. of LL anachoreta, fr. LGk anachōrētēs, fr. Gk anachōrētēs to withdraw, fr. ana- + chōrein to make room, fr. chōra place; akin to Gk chēros left, bereaved — more at HEIR] (15c) : one who lives in seclusion usu. for religious reasons — **an-cho-ritic** \ən-kōr-it-ik\ adj — **an-cho-rit-ically** \ən-kōr-it-ik-lē\ adv
an-chor-man \ən-kōr-mən\ n (1911) 1 : one who is last: as a : the member of a team who competes last (the ~ on a relay team) b : one who has the lowest scholastic standing in his graduating class 2 : a broadcaster (as on a news program) who introduces reports by other broadcasters and usu. reads the news 3 : MODERATOR 2c
an-chor-peo-ple \ən-kōr-pōl\ n pl (1974) : ANCHORPERSONS
an-chor-per-son \ən-kōr-pōr-n\ n (1973) : an anchorman or anchorwoman
an-chor-wom-en \ən-kōr-wōm-ən\ n (1973) : a woman who anchors a broadcast
an-cho-veta also **an-cho-vet-a** \ən-kōh-vēt-ə\ n [Sp anchoveta, dim. of *anchova*] (1940) : a small anchovy (*Cetengraulis mysticetus*) of the Pacific coast of No. America
an-cho-vy \ən-kōh-vē, an-\ n, pl -vies or -vy [Sp anchova] (1596) : any of numerous small fishes (family Engraulidae) resembling herrings; esp : common Mediterranean fish (*Engraulis encrasicolus*) used esp. in appetizers, as a garnish, and for making sauces and relishes
an-clip régime \ən-klip-rāzhēm\ n [F, lit., old regime] (1794) 1 : the political and social system of France before the Revolution of 1789 2 : a system or mode no longer prevailing
an-client \ən-shont, -chont, \ən(k)-shont\ adj [ME ancien, fr. MF, fr. (assumed) VL *anteinus*, fr. L *ante* before — more at ANTE] (14c) 1 : having had an existence of many years 2 : of or relating to a remote period, to a time early in history, or to those living in such a period or time; specif: of or relating to the historical period beginning with the earliest known civilizations and extending to the fall of the western Roman Empire in A.D. 476 3 : having the qualities of age or long existence: a : VENERABLE b : OLD-FASHIONED, ANTIQUE *syn* OLD — **an-cient-ness** n
ancient n (1502) 1 : an aged living being (a penniless ~) 2 : one who lived in ancient times: a pl : the civilized people of antiquity; esp : those of the classical nations b : one of the classical authors (Plutarch and other ~s) 3 : an ancient coin
ancient n [alter. of *ensign*] (1554) 1 archaic : ENSIGN, STANDARD, FLAG 2 obs : the bearer of an ensign
ancient history n (1595) 1 : the history of ancient times 2 : knowledge or information that is widespread and has lost its initial freshness or importance; common knowledge
anciently adv (1502) : in ancient times: long ago
an-clip-ent-ry \ən-klip-ēnt-rē\ n, pl -ties \lēz\ [L, female servant] (1871) : AID, HELPER
an-clip-lary \ən(k)-sō-ler-ē, esp Brit \ən-sil-rē\ adj (1667) 1 : SUBORDINATE, SUBSIDIARY (the main factory and its ~ plants) 2 : AUXILIARY, SUPPLEMENTARY (the need for ~ evidence) — **ancillary** n
an-con \ən-kōn\ n, pl **an-co-nies** \ən-kō-nēz\ [L, fr. Gk ankon elbow; akin to L *uncus* hook] (ca. 1706) : a bracket, elbow, or console used as an architectural support
an-ey \ən-sē, ən-\ n suffix [L, *antia* — more at ANCE] : quality or state (piquancy)

an-cy-cloto-mi-nosis \ən-ki-lō-sta-mi-nō-sis, an(t)-sə-\ n, pl [NL, fr. *Ancylostoma*, genus of hookworms, fr. Gk anky storma mouth — more at ANGLE, STOMACH] (1887) : infestation caused by hookworms; esp : a lethargic anemic due to blood loss through the feeding of hookworms in the intestine

an-(d), \ən(d)\, usu \n(d) after t, d, s or z, often \n, sometimes \n after k or g\ conj [ME, fr. OE: skin to O (bef. 12c) 1 : used as a function word to indicate connection esp. of items within the same class or type; used to connect elements of the same grammatical rank or function 2 : function word to express logical modification, consequence, or supplementary explanation 3 obs : IF 4 : used in conjunction — and how \n-and-hau\ — used to emphasize idea — and so forth \n-and-fōrth, -fōrth\ 1 : and c of the same or similar kind 2 : further in the same or similar way 3 : and the rest 4 : and other things — and so on \n, and so forth

AND \ənd\ n (1949) : a logical operator equivalent to connective and (~ gate in a computer)

an-dal-i-te \ən-dāl-ēt\, \ən-dāl-ēt\ n [F *andalousite*, fr. *Andalousie* region in Spain] (ca. 1828) : a mineral Al₂SiO₅ consisting of aluminum usu. in thick nearly square orthorhombic prisms

an-dan-te \ən-dān-tē\, \ən-dān-tē\ adj or adj [prp. of *andare* to go] (1724) : moderately slow — used as an adverb

an-dan-ti n (1784) : a musical composition or movement

an-dan-ti-no \ən-dān-tē-nō\ adv or adj [It, dim. of *andante*] slightly faster than **andante** — used as a direction in music

an-dan-tino n pl -nos (1845) : a musical composition or movement

an-des-ite \ən-di-zit\, \ən-di-zit\ n [G *andesit*, fr. *Andes*] (1850) : a dark grayish rock consisting essentially of oligoclase or feldspar

an-dron \ən-drōn\ n [ME *aundiren*, modif. of MF *andron* : one of a pair of metal supports for firewood used on a shelf] made of a horizontal bar mounted on short legs with a shaft supporting the front end

an-dro or **andro-comb** form [MF, fr. L, fr. Gk, fr. *andr-*, *and-* akin to Oscar *ner* man, Skt *nṛ*, OIr *ner* strength] 1 : phobia 2 : male (andrococcyx)

an-dro-dite \ən-drād-it\, \ən-drād-it\ n [José B. de Andrade 1838 Brazilian geologist] (1868) : a garnet Ca₃Fe₂(SiO₄)₃ of various colors ranging from yellow and green to brown as *Andro-dites* \ən-drā-dītēz\ n [L, fr. Gk *Androkītes*] : a slave spared in the arena by a lion from whose foot he extracted a thorn

an-dro-ecl-am \ən-drē-s(h)-əm\ n pl -ein \s(h)-ēz\ [NL *Gk oikion*, dim. of *oikos* house — more at VICINITY] (c. 1830) : aggregate of microsporophylls in the flower of a seed plant

an-dro-gea \ən-drō-jē\, \ən-drō-jē\ n [ISV] (1936) : a male sex hormone (terone) — **an-dro-genic** \ən-drō-jē-nik\ adj

an-dro-geo-ecdisis \ən-drō-jē-ēk-sis\ n (ca. 1900) : develop the embryo contains only paternal chromosomes due to egg to participate in fertilization — **an-dro-ge-net-ic** \ən-drō-jē-nik\

an-dro-gyne \ən-drā-jēn\ n [MF, fr. L *androgynus*] (1552) : androgynous

an-drog-y-nous \ən-drāj-ə-nəs\ adj [L *androgynus* henn Gk *androgynos*, fr. *andr-* + *gynē* woman — more at QUI] : having the characteristics or nature of both male and female specifically feminine or masculine (the ~ proportion suitable to or for either sex (~ clothing) 3 : having tr and female roles obscured or reversed (an ~ marriage) — *vnē* n

an-droid \ən-drōid\ n [LGk *androeidēs* manlike, fr. *andēdes* -oid] (1727) : an automaton with a human form

An-drom-e-da \ən-drām-ə-dā\ n [L, fr. Gk *Andromedē*] (1837) : logical Ethiopian princess; rescued from a monster by her husband Perseus 2 [L (gen. *Andromedae*) : a northern constellation directly south of Cassiopeia between Pegasus and Perseus]

an-dros-ter-on \ən-drās-tēr-ōn\ n [ISV *andr-* + *ster-*] : an androgenic hormone that is a hydroxy ketone C₁₉H₂₈O₂ found in male and female urine

an-drous \ən-drōs\ adj comb form [NL *andrus*, fr. Gk *andros* : such or so many men, fr. *andr-*, *anēr*] : having (such) stamens (monandrous)

an-e \ən\ adj or n pron, chiefly Scot (bef. 12c) : ONE — **an-** \ən\ n suffix [ISV *-an*, *-ane*, alter. of *-ene*, *-ine*, & *-one*] 2 : saturated or completely hydrogenated carb (as a hydrocarbon) (methane)

an-ec-dot-age \ən-ik-dōt-ēj\ n (1823) : the telling of a story

: ANECDOTES — **an-ec-dot-al** \ən-ik-dōt-əl\ adj (1836) 1 : relating to, containing, or depicting an anecdote (~ art) — **an-ec-dot-ally** \lē-ē\, *an-ec-dot-al-ist* \ən-ik-dōt-1-əst\ or *an-ec-dot-ist* \ən-ik-dōt\ n (1837) : one who is given to or is skilled in telling anecdotes

an-ec-dot-e \ən-ik-dōt\, \ən-ik-dōt\ n [F, fr. Gk *anekdotai* neut. pl. of *anekdotas* unpublished, fr. a- + *ekdīdonai* to cut + *dīdotai* to give — more at EX- DATE] (1721) : a user of an interesting, amusing, or biographical incident

an-ec-dot-ic \ən-ik-dōt-ik\ or **an-ec-dot-i-cal** \lē-ē\ adj (1946) : given to or skilled in telling anecdotes

an-echo-e \ən-ik-ōik\ adj (1946) : free from echoes and (an ~ chamber)